

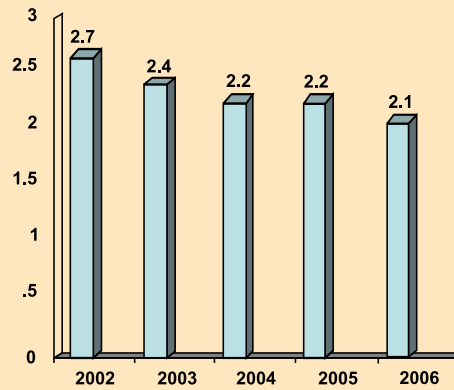


YOUNG WORKERS

The Workplace Health, Safety and Compensation Commission encourages and promotes injury prevention and health and safety programs in all workplaces and provides injured workers, their dependants and employers a no fault injury insurance program that fosters return to work and efficient disability management.



Lost-time Incidence Rate/100 Employees



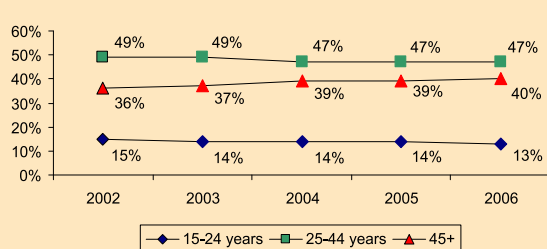
By Injury Year

A young worker is defined as a person between 15 and 24. Many of these young people are searching for temporary employment or entering the workforce for the first time. They are at risk of being injured due to lack of occupational health and safety knowledge and work

experience. As a result, injuries often occur during the first few weeks on the job.

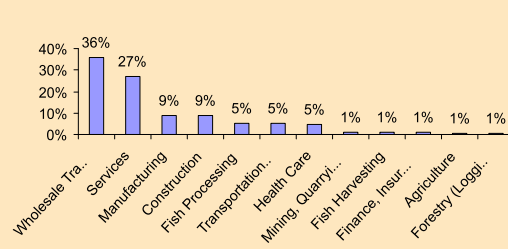
In Newfoundland and Labrador, young workers are employed in each of the 12 industry sectors. The number of young workers employed in the province fluctuates throughout the year, with peak employment during the summer months. Between 2002 and 2006, young worker average employment decreased by 10%, from 30,555 to 27,608.

Lost-time Claims by Age Group as Percentage of Total Lost-time Claims



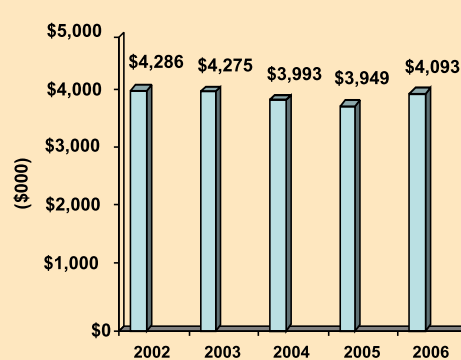
By Injury Year

Young Worker Lost-time Claims as Percentage of Total Lost-time Claims (2002-2006) by Industry



By Injury Year

Total Claim Payments (per year)



By Payment Year

PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE

Source: Prevention Services Department, WHSCC (October 2007)



YOUNG WORKERS

Year	Young Workers					Province				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Lost-time (Injury Year)	822	721	664	656	575	5,499	5,213	4,794	4,787	4,568
Medical Aid (Injury Year)	640	424	369	396	515	4,486	3,779	3,572	3,696	3,896
Fatalities (Accepted Year)	2	1	0	2	0	23	23	23	25	18
Paid Weeks (000's) (Payment Year)	10.7	9.7	9.1	9.2	8.7	248.1	260.6	250.5	250.6	253.8

LOST-TIME CLAIMS

Young Workers Lost-time Claims 2002-2006

Claims by the 5 leading "Types of Accidents"

Type of Accident	% Total Lost-time claims
Over-exertion in lifting	22%
Bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting	10%
Fall to floor, walkway, or other surface	8%
Struck by falling object	6%
Struck by slipping handheld object	5%

Young Workers Lost-time Claims 2002-2006

Claims by the 5 leading "Nature of Injury"

Nature of Injury	% Total Lost-time claims
Sprains, strains, tears, unspecified	29%
Non-specific injuries and disorders	21%
Traumatic injuries to muscles, tendons, ligaments, joints, etc., unspecified	17%
Cuts, lacerations	11%
Fractures	5%

Young Workers Lost-time Claims 2002-2006

Claims by the 5 leading "Body Part"

Body Part	% Total Lost-time claims
Back, including spine, spinal cord.	27%
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	14%
Multiple body parts	8%
Leg(s)	7%
Hand(s), except finger(s)	6%

Young Workers Lost-time Claims 2002-2006

Claims by the 5 leading "Occupations"

Occupation	% Total Lost-time claims
Retail sales clerks	11%
Other elemental service occupations	10%
Food counter occupations	5%
Construction trade helpers labourers	5%
Cashiers	5%

For questions regarding any of the above statistics, contact
 The Workplace, Health Safety and Compensation Commission at: 709-778-1552 or 1-800-563-9000